SAFETY DATA SHEET

Diesel (B7)



SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : Diesel (B7)
Viscosity or Type : EN 590

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Material uses : Automotive diesel fuel

Identified uses

Distribution of substance

Use in fuel

Use in fuel - Consumer

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer / Distributor : Kuwait Petroleum (Belgium) N.V.

Brusselstraat 59 - Bus 1 2018, Antwerp, Belgium

Tel. +32 3 241 33 00, Fax +32 3 241 35 31

e-mail address of person

responsible for this SDS : SDSinfo@Q8.com, communication preferably in English only.

1.4 Emergency telephone number

CARECHEM24

Europe : +44 (0) 1235 239 670 **Global (English only)** : +44 (0) 1865 407 333

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS

ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation)

SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION

CAtegory 2

CARCINOGENICITY

CARCINOGENICITY

SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED

CATEGORY 2

H351

Category 2

H373

EXPOSURE)

ASPIRATION HAZARD Category 1 H304
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) Category 2 H411

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

Ingredients of unknown : None.

toxicity

Ingredients of unknown : None.

ecotoxicity

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

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SECTION 2: Hazards identification

Hazard pictograms







Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 - Causes skin irritation. H332 - Harmful if inhaled.

H351 - Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention: P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.

P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear protective clothing. Wear eye or face

protection.

P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P260 - Do not breathe vapor.

P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P308 + P313 - IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention.

P304 + P312 - IF INHALED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. P301 + P310 - IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor.

P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.

P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Storage : Not applicable.

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional,

national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients

Supplemental label

elements

: Fuels, diesel

: Not applicable.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

Containers to be fitted with child-resistant

with child-resistan

fastenings

: Not applicable.

Tactile warning of danger : Not applicable.

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a

vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification

: Hazardous concentrations of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) gas may accumulate in the vapour space of storage vessels. Standard procedures for opening or entering tanks, vessels or other containers must strictly be followed to avoid inhalation of this

acutely toxic gas.

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SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP]	Туре	Notes
Fuels, diesel	REACH #: 01-2119484664-27 EC: 269-822-7 CAS: 68334-30-5 Index: 649-224-00-6	≥90	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Acute Tox. 4, H332 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Carc. 2, H351 (dermal) STOT RE 2, H373 (dermal, inhalation) Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	[1]	H-N
			See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.		

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

- [1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard
- [2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit
- [3] Substance meets the criteria for PBT according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [4] Substance meets the criteria for vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII
- [5] Substance of equivalent concern
- [6] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If exposure to hydrogen sulphide is suspected or cannot be excluded, obtain medical attention IMMEDIATELY. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash contaminated skin with soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion

: Get medical attention immediately. Call a poison center or physician. Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Aspiration hazard if swallowed. Can enter lungs and cause damage. Do not induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

Protection of first-aiders

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large

quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments: No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

media

: Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: Do not use water jet.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazards from the substance or mixture

: Flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous combustion products

 Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon dioxide carbon monoxide sulfur oxides Hydrogen sulphide

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

6.2 Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product.

6.4 Reference to other sections

See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
 See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
 See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Avoid exposure obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not swallow. Avoid release to the environment. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container. Hazardous concentrations of hydrogen sulphide (H2S) gas may accumulate in the vapour space of storage vessels. Standard procedures for opening or entering tanks, vessels or other containers must strictly be followed to avoid inhalation of this acutely toxic gas.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Provide adequate ventilation. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Seveso Directive - Reporting thresholds

Danger criteria

	Notification and MAPP threshold	Safety report threshold
P5c	5000 tonne	50000 tonne
E2	200 tonne	500 tonne

7.3 Specific end use(s)

Recommendations : Not available.

Industrial sector specific : Not available.

solutions

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

No exposure limit value known.

Recommended monitoring procedures

If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
Fuels, diesel	DNEL	Short term Inhalation	0.1027 μg/ m³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	5.55 mg/ kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	11.11 mg/ kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic

PNECs

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SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

No PNECs available.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment. Product may release hydrogen sulphide: a specific assessment of inhalation risks from the presence of hydrogen sulphide in tank headspaces, confined spaces, product residue, tank waste and waste water and unintentional releases should be made to help determine controls appropriate to local circumstances.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374. Recommended: < 1 hour (breakthrough time): nitrile rubber 0.17 mm.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves. Refer to European Standard EN 1149 for further information on material and design requirements and test methods.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use. Recommended: Boiling point > 65 °C: A1; Boiling point < 65 °C: AX1; Hot material: A1P2.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Liquid. [Oily liquid.]

Appearance : Clear.

Color : Yellow [Light]
Odor : Characteristic.
Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : 7

Melting point/freezing point : <0°C

Initial boiling point and : 150 to

boiling range

: 150 to 390°C

Flash point : Closed cup: >55°C [ASTM D93.]

Evaporation rate : Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas) : Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits : Lower: 1%
Upper: 6%

Vapor pressure : 0.4 kPa [room temperature]

Vapor density : Not available.

Density : 0.81 to 0.86 g/cm³ [15°C]

Solubility(ies)
 Insoluble in the following materials: cold water and hot water.
 Very slightly dispersible in the following materials: hot water.
 Not dispersible in the following materials: cold water.

Not dispersible in the N

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ : 3 to 6

Auto-ignition temperature

water

: >225°C

Decomposition temperature : >225°C Viscosity (40°C) : <5 cSt

Explosive properties : Not applicable.

Oxidizing properties : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity : No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

10.2 Chemical stability : The product is stable.

10.3 Possibility of : Uhazardous reactions

decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

10.4 Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not pressurize, cut, weld,

braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to heat or sources of ignition.

10.5 Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials:

oxidizing materials

10.6 Hazardous : Decomposition products may include the following materials: sulfur oxides

Hydrogen sulphide

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	4.1 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7500 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
Diesel (B7)	N/A	N/A	N/A	11.8	N/A
Fuels, diesel	7500	N/A	N/A	11	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Fuels, diesel	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 UI	-
	Skin - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	240 hours 80 gm	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Product/ingredient name	Test	Experiment	Result
Fuels, diesel	471 Bacterial Reverse Mutation Test	Subject: Bacteria Cell: Germ	Positive

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	Positive - Dermal - TC	Rat - Male	25 μg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Maternal toxicity	Fertility	Development toxin	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	Positive	-	Positive	Rat	Dermal: 125 mg/ kg	20 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Teratogenicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	Positive - Dermal	Rat - Male	125 mg/kg	20 days; 7 days per week

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Luxembourg

Diesel (B7)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Fuels, diesel	Category 2	dermal, inhalation	-

Aspiration hazard

Product/ingredient name	Result
Fuels, diesel	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely

routes of exposure

: Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Inhalation: Harmful if inhaled.Skin contact: Causes skin irritation.

Ingestion: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

pain or irritation watering redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

nausea or vomiting

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate

effects

: Not available.

Potential delayed effects

: Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate

: Not available.

effects

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	Sub-chronic NOAEL Dermal Sub-chronic NOEL Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat - Male, Female Rat - Male, Female	30 mg/kg 750 mg/m³	90 days; 5 days per week 90 days

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

General: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Carcinogenicity : Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of

exposure.

Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Teratogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Developmental effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 - Luxembourg

Diesel (B7)

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Fertility effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Other information : Not available.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Fuels, diesel	Acute EC50 210 mg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 65 mg/l Fresh water	•	48 hours 96 hours

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Test	Result	Dose	Inoculum
Fuels, diesel	301E Ready Biodegradability - Modified OECD Screening Test	60 % - Readily - 28 days	-	-

Conclusion/Summary: Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Fuels, diesel	-	-	Readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Diesel (B7)	3 to 6	-	high

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Mobility : Not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : Yes European waste catalogue (EWC)

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SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

Waste code	Waste designation
13 07 01*	fuel oil and diesel

Packaging

Methods of disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions

: This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	ADN	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number	UN1202	UN1202	UN1202	UN1202
14.2 UN proper shipping name	DIESEL FUEL	DIESEL FUEL	DIESEL FUEL	Diesel fuel
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	3	3	3	3
14.4 Packing group	III	III	III	III
14.5 Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes. The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required.

Additional information

ADR/RID

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Hazard identification number 30

Limited quantity 5 L

Special provisions 640L, 664

Tunnel code (D/E)

ADN

: The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.

Special provisions 640L

IMDG

: The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg.
Emergency schedules
F-E, S-E

IATA

 The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by other transportation regulations.

Quantity limitation Passenger and Cargo Aircraft: 60 L. Packaging instructions: 355. Cargo Aircraft Only: 220 L. Packaging instructions: 366. Limited Quantities -

Passenger Aircraft: 10 L. Packaging instructions: Y344. **Special provisions** A3

14.6 Special precautions for : user

Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.7 Transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

: Not available.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorization

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions : Not applicable.

on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Air

Industrial emissions : Not listed

(integrated pollution prevention and control) -

Water

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (649/2012/EU)

Not listed.

Seveso Directive

This product is controlled under the Seveso Directive.

Danger criteria

Category

P5c E2

National regulations

Hazard class for water : 2

(WGK)

VOC content : VOC (w/w): 93%

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Not listed.

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Date of issue/Date of revision : 07-04-2020 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 13/23

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

Not listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list

Australia : All components are listed or exempted.

Canada : All components are listed or exempted.

China : All components are listed or exempted.

Europe : All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

New Zealand : All components are listed or exempted.
Philippines : All components are listed or exempted.
Republic of Korea : All components are listed or exempted.
Taiwan : All components are listed or exempted.

Thailand : Not determined.

Turkey : All components are listed or exempted.
United States : All components are active or exempted.
Viet Nam : All components are listed or exempted.

15.2 Chemical Safety

Assessment

: Chemical Safety Assessments for all substances in this product are either Complete

or Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and

acronyms

: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No.

1272/20081

DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level

EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement

N/A = Not available

PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration RRN = REACH Registration Number

SGG = Segregation Group

vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification	
Flam. Liq. 3, H226	Expert judgment	
Acute Tox. 4, H332	Calculation method	
Skin Irrit. 2, H315	Calculation method	
Carc. 2, H351	Calculation method	
STOT RE 2, H373	Calculation method	
Asp. Tox. 1, H304	Calculation method	
Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	Calculation method	

Full text of abbreviated H statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H315 Causes skin irritation. H332 Harmful if inhaled.

H351 Suspected of causing cancer.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 16: Other information

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4 ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4

Aquatic Chronic 2 AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

Asp. Tox. 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 Carc. 2 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 Flam. Liq. 3 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3

Skin Irrit. 2 SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2

STOT RE 2 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 2

Training advice : Ensure operatives are trained to minimise exposures.

Date of printing : 07-04-2020 Date of issue/ Date of : 07-04-2020

revision

Date of previous issue : No previous validation

Version : 1

Prepared by : Kuwait Petroleum Research & Technology B.V., The Netherlands

Notice to reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It is always the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant to be a description of the safety requirements for our product. It is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.

Date of issue/Date of revision : 07-04-2020 Date of previous issue : No previous validation Version : 1 15/23



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture **Product name** : Diesel (B7)

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

H315, H332, H351, H373, H411 - Industrial

List of use descriptors : Identified use name: Distribution of substance

Process Category: PROC04, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC09, PROC15

Substance supplied to that use in form of: As such

Sector of end use: SU03

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC01, ERC02, ERC03, ERC04, ERC05, ERC06a, ERC06b, ERC06c, ERC06d, ERC07, ESVOC SPERC 1.1b.v1

: Distribution of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304,

Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13

Article category related to subsequent service life: Not applicable.

Processes and activities covered by the exposure

scenario

: Bulk loading (including marine vessel/barge, rail/road car and IBC loading) of substance within closed or contained systems, including incidental exposures during its sampling, storage, unloading, maintenance and associated laboratory activities.

: See section 3. **Additional information**

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1:

Product characteristics

: Substance is complex UVCB.. Predominantly hydrophobic

Amounts used

: Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 0.1

Regional use tonnage 2.8E7

Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.002

Annual site tonnage 5.6E4

Maximum daily site tonnage 1.9E5

Frequency and duration of

: Continuous release Emission days 300

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from process (initial release prior to RMM) 1.0E-3

Release fraction to wastewater from process (initial release prior to RMM) 1.0E-6 Release fraction to soil from process (initial release prior to RMM) 0.00001

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: Risk from environmental exposure is driven by humans via indirect exposure (primarily ingestion). Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. No wastewater treatment required.

Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of 90

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required

removal efficiency of 0

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site

wastewater removal efficiency of 0

prevent/limit release from site

Organizational measures to : Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated,

contained or reclaimed.

Distribution of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315, H332, H351, H373, H411 - Industrial

Diesel (B7)

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment 94.1 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after on-site and off-site (municipal treatment plant) RMMs 94.1

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal 2.9E6

Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow 2000

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: External treatment and disposal of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

: External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2:

General measures applicable to all activities: Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (skin irritants): Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

General exposures (closed systems): Handle substance within a closed system.

General exposures (open systems): Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Process sampling: No other specific measures identified.

Laboratory activities: No other specific measures identified.

Bulk closed loading and unloading: Handle substance within a closed system. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Bulk open loading and unloading: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Drum and small package filling: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Bulk product storage: Store substance within a closed system.

Concentration of substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Physical state : liquid, With potential for aerosol generation.

Liquid, vapor pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

: Operation is carried out at elevated temperature (> 20°C above ambient temperature) Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Date of issue/Date of revision : 19-11-2014

Distribution of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315, H332, H351, H373, H411 -Industrial

Diesel (B7)

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1:

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2:

Exposure assessment

(human):

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment	: Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.
Health	: Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels. Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19-11-2014



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Industrial

19/23

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture **Product name** : Diesel (B7)

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Uses of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315,

H332, H351, H373, H411as a Fuel - Professional

List of use descriptors : Identified use name: Use in fuel

Process Category: PROC01, PROC02, PROC03, PROC08a, PROC08b, PROC16

Substance supplied to that use in form of: As such

Sector of end use: SU22

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b, ESVOC SPERC 9.12b.v1

Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13

Article category related to subsequent service life: Not applicable.

Processes and activities covered by the exposure scenario

: Covers the use as a fuel (or fuel additive) and includes activities associated with its

transfer, use, equipment maintenance and handling of waste.

Additional information : See section 3.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1:

Product characteristics

Amounts used

: Substance is complex UVCB.. Predominantly hydrophobic

: Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 0.1

Regional use tonnage 6.7E6

Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.0005

Annual site tonnage 3.3E3

Maximum daily site tonnage 9.2E3

Frequency and duration of use

: Continuous release Emission days 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

: Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100

Other conditions affecting environmental exposure

: Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only) 1.0E-4 Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use 0.00001

Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only) 0.00001

Technical conditions and measures at process level (source) to prevent release : Common practices vary across sites thus conservative process release estimates used.

Technical on-site conditions and measures to reduce or limit discharges, air emissions and releases to soil

: Risk from environmental exposure is driven by humans via indirect exposure (primarily ingestion). No wastewater treatment required.

Treat air emission to provide a typical removal efficiency of N/A

Treat on-site wastewater (prior to receiving water discharge) to provide the required removal efficiency of 0

If discharging to municipal sewage treatment plant, provide the required on-site wastewater removal efficiency of 0

Organizational measures to prevent/limit release from site

: Prevent discharge of undissolved substance to or recover from onsite wastewater. Do not apply industrial sludge to natural soils. Sewage sludge should be incinerated,

contained or reclaimed.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19-11-2014

Uses of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315, H332, H351, H373, H411as a Fuel - Professional

Diesel (B7)

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment 94.1 Total efficiency of removal from wastewater after on-site and off-site (municipal treatment plant) RMMs 94.1

Maximum allowable site tonnage (M_{Safe}) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal 1.4E5

Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow 2000

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Combustion emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery of waste

 External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

Contributing scenario controlling worker exposure for 2:

General measures applicable to all activities: Control any potential exposure using measures such as contained or enclosed systems, properly designed and maintained facilities and a good standard of general ventilation. Drain down systems and transfer lines prior to breaking containment. Drain down and flush equipment where possible prior to maintenance.

Where there is potential for exposure: Ensure relevant staff are informed of the nature of exposure and aware of basic actions to minimise exposures; ensure suitable personal protective equipment is available; clear up spills and dispose of waste in accordance with regulatory requirements; monitor effectiveness of control measures; consider the need for health surveillance; identify and implement corrective actions.

General measures (skin irritants): Avoid direct skin contact with product. Identify potential areas for indirect skin contact. Wear gloves (tested to EN 374) if hand contact with substance likely. Clean up contamination/spills as soon as they occur. Wash off any skin contamination immediately. Provide basic employee training to prevent/minimise exposures and to report any skin problems that may develop.

Bulk transfers: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Drum/batch transfers: Use drum pumps or carefully pour from container. Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Refuelling: Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Use in fuel (Closed system): Provide a good standard of general ventilation (not less than 3 to 5 air changes per hour). or Ensure operation is undertaken outdoors.

Equipment cleaning and maintenance: Drain down and flush system prior to equipment break-in or maintenance. Wear chemical-resistant gloves (tested to EN374) in combination with 'basic' employee training.

Storage: Store substance within a closed system.

Concentration of substance in mixture or article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

Physical state : liquid, With potential for aerosol generation.

Liquid, vapor pressure < 0.5 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Frequency and duration of use/exposure

: Covers daily exposures up to 8 hours

Other conditions affecting workers exposure

: Assumes use at not more than 20°C above ambient temperature. Assumes a good basic standard of occupational hygiene is implemented

Conditions and measures related to personal protection, hygiene and health evaluation

Uses of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315, H332, H351, H373, H411as a Fuel - Professional

Diesel (B7)

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1:

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

: Not available.

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Workers: 2:

Exposure assessment

: The ECETOC TRA tool has been used to estimate workplace exposures unless

(human): otherwise indicated.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment : Guidance is based on assumed operating conditions which may not be applicable to all sites; thus, scaling may be necessary to define appropriate site-specific risk management measures. Required removal efficiency for wastewater can be achieved using onsite/offsite technologies, either alone or in combination. Required removal efficiency for air can be achieved using on-site technologies, either alone or in combination. Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet. Scaled local assessments for EU refineries have been performed using site-specific data and are attached in PETRORISK file - "Site-Specific Production" worksheet. Health Available hazard data do not enable the derivation of a DNEL for dermal irritant effects. Risk management measures are based on qualitative risk characterisation. Available hazard data do not support the need for a DNEL to be established for other health effects. Users are advised to consider national Occupational Exposure Limits or other equivalent values. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent levels.

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19-11-2014 21/23



Annex to the extended Safety Data Sheet (eSDS)

Consumer

Identification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture **Product name** : Diesel (B7)

Section 1 - Title

Short title of the exposure

scenario

: Uses of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315,

H332, H351, H373, H411as a Fuel - Consumer

List of use descriptors : Identified use name: Use in fuel - Consumer

Substance supplied to that use in form of: As such

Sector of end use: SU21

Subsequent service life relevant for that use: No.

Environmental Release Category: ERC09a, ERC09b, ESVOC SPERC 9.12c.v1

Market sector by type of chemical product: PC13

Article category related to subsequent service life: Not applicable.

Processes and activities

covered by the exposure

: Covers consumer uses in liquid fuels.

scenario **Additional information**

: See section 3.

Section 2 - Exposure controls

Contributing scenario controlling environmental exposure for 1:

Product characteristics

: Substance is complex UVCB. Predominantly hydrophobic

Amounts used

: Fraction of EU tonnage used in region 0.1

Regional use tonnage 1.6E7

Fraction of regional tonnage used locally 0.0005

Annual site tonnage 8.2E3

Maximum daily site tonnage 2.3E4

Frequency and duration of

use

: Continuous release Emission days 365

Environment factors not influenced by risk management

Other conditions affecting

: Local freshwater dilution factor 10 Local marine water dilution factor 100

environmental exposure

: Risk from environmental exposure is driven by humans via indirect exposure (primarily ingestion).

Release fraction to air from wide dispersive use (regional only) 1.0E-4

Release fraction to wastewater from wide dispersive use 0.00001 Release fraction to soil from wide dispersive use (regional only) 0.00001

Conditions and measures related to sewage treatment plant

: Estimated substance removal from wastewater via on-site sewage treatment 94.1 Maximum allowable site tonnage (Msafe) based on release following total wastewater treatment removal 3.5E5

Assumed on-site sewage treatment plant flow 2000

Conditions and measures related to external treatment of waste for disposal

: Combustion emissions limited by required exhaust emission controls. Combustion

emissions considered in regional exposure assessment.

Conditions and measures related to external recovery : External recovery and recycling of waste should comply with applicable local and/or national regulations.

of waste

Date of issue/Date of revision: 19-11-2014 22/23 Uses of Gas Oils (vacuum, hydrocracked & distillate fuels) H304/non-H304, H315, H332, H351, H373, H411as a Fuel - Consumer

Diesel (B7)

Contributing scenario controlling consumer exposure for 2:

Product categories [PC]: 13 - Fuels Liquid: automotive refuelling

Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 100 %. Covers use up to 52 days per year. Covers use up to 1 uses per day. Covers skin contact area up to 210.00 cm². For each use event, covers use amounts up to 37500 g. Covers outdoor use. Covers use in room size of 100 m³. For each use event, covers exposure up to 0.05 hours.

Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational conditions stated.

Product categories [PC]: 13 - Liquid: garden equipment - use

Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 100 %. Covers use up to 26 days per year. Covers use up to 1 uses per day. For each use event, covers use amounts up to 750 g. Covers outdoor use. Covers use in room size of 100 m³. For each use event, covers exposure up to 2.00 hours.

Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational conditions stated.

Product categories [PC]: 13 - Liquid: garden equipment - refuelling

Operations Conditions (consumer): Covers concentrations up to 100 %. Covers use up to 26 days per year. Covers use up to 1 uses per day. Covers skin contact area up to 420.00 cm². For each use event, covers use amounts up to 750 g. Covers use in a one car garage (34 m³) under typical ventilation. Covers use in room size of 34 m³. For each use event, covers exposure up to 0.03 hours.

Risk management measures (RMM): No specific risk management measure identified beyond those operational conditions stated.

Concentration of

substance in mixture or

article

: Covers percentage substance in the product up to 100 %.

: Liquid, vapor pressure > 10 kPa at Standard Temperature and Pressure

Amounts used : For each use event, covers use amounts up to 37500 g. Covers skin contact area

up to 420 cm². (Unless otherwise stated.)

Frequency and duration of

use/exposure

Physical state

: Unless otherwise stated, Covers use up to 0.143 uses per day. For each use event,

covers exposure up to 2 hours.

Conditions and measures related to personal protection and hygiene

Section 3 - Exposure estimation and reference to its source

Website: : Not applicable.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Environment: 1:

Exposure assessment

(environment):

: Hydrocarbon Block Method (Petrorisk)

Exposure estimation and

reference to its source

: Not available.

Exposure estimation and reference to its source - Consumers: 2:

Exposure assessment

(human):

: ECETOC TRA consumer v3

Exposure estimation and

: Not available.

reference to its source

Section 4 - Guidance to DU to evaluate whether he works inside the boundaries set by the ES

Environment

: Further details on scaling and control technologies are provided in SPERC factsheet.

Health

: Predicted exposures are not expected to exceed the DN(M)EL when the risk management measures/operational conditions outlined in section 2 are implemented. Where other risk management measures/operational conditions are adopted, then users should ensure that risks are managed to at least equivalent

levels.